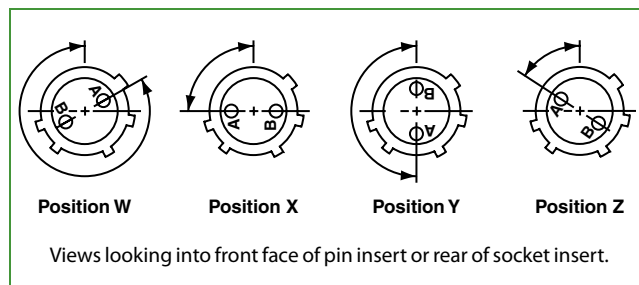


Alternate Insert Rotations

To avoid cross-plugging problems in applications requiring the use of more than one connector of the same size and arrangement, alternate insert rotations are available. As shown in the diagrams below, position W, X, Y and Z are possible rotations of the insert within Class L connectors. The front face of the pin insert is rotated within the shell in a clockwise direction from the normal shell key. The socket insert would be rotated counter-clockwise the same number of degrees in respect to the normal shell key.

See how to order on next page; the keying position letter W, X, Y or Z goes at the end of the part number.



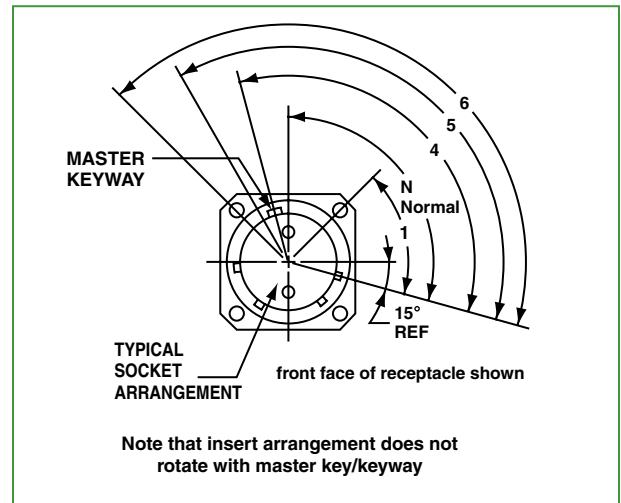
Class L Insert Rotations

Insert Arrangements	Keying Position (degrees from normal position)				
	DC or 60 Hz Normal	400 Hz			
		W	X	Y	Z
28-12	0	-	-	180	-
28-13	0	-	-	180	-
32-04	0	-	90	-	-
32-05	0	-	90	-	-
32-12	0	-	-	180	-
32-13	0	-	-	180	-
44-12	0	-	-	-	60
44-13	0	-	-	-	60
44-50	0	-	-	-	-
44-51	0	-	-	-	-
44-52	0	-	-	-	-
44-56	0	-	-	-	-
52-12	0	300	-	-	-
52-13	0	300	-	-	-

Alternate Master Key/Keyway Rotations

Another option for preventing cross-mating of incompatible connector voltages is to choose an alternate rotation of the key/keyway positions of the connector shell. The diagram below shows positions 1, 4, 5 and 6 for the master key/keyway.

See how to order on next page; the alternate master key/keyway position is Step 4 in building a part number.



- 38999
- III
- HD
- Dualok
- II
- I
- SJT
- Accessories
- Aquacon
- Herm/Seal
- PCB
- HIGH SPEED
- Fiber Optics
- Contacts Connectors Cables
- EMI Filter Transient
- 26482 Matrix 2
- 83723 III Matrix | Pyle
- 26500 Pyle
- 5015 Crimp Rear Release Matrix
- 22992 Class L
- Back-Shells
- Options Others